





This profile was produced on 12 August 2014

Health Profile 2014

Health in summary

The health of people in Wigan is varied compared with the England average. Deprivation is higher than average and about 20.5% (12,000) children live in poverty. Life expectancy for both men and women is lower than the England average.

Living longer

Life expectancy is 9.4 years lower for men and 8.5 years lower for women in the most deprived areas of Wigan than in the least deprived areas.

Child health

In Year 6, 18.9% (528) of children are classified as obese. The rate of alcohol-specific hospital stays among those under 18 was 67.8*, worse than the average for England. This represents 46 stays per year. Levels of breastfeeding and smoking at time of delivery are worse than the England average. Levels of GCSE attainment are better than the England average.

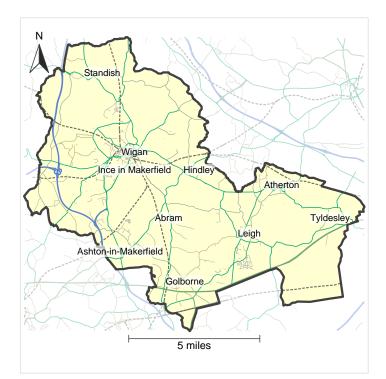
Adult health

In 2012, 27.0% of adults are classified as obese. The rate of alcohol related harm hospital stays was 860*, worse than the average for England. This represents 2,675 stays per year. The rate of self-harm hospital stays was 306.7*, worse than the average for England. This represents 993 stays per year. The rate of smoking related deaths was 381*, worse than the average for England. This represents 603 deaths per year. Estimated levels of adult smoking and physical activity are worse than the England average. Rates of people killed and seriously injured on roads and TB are better than average.

Local priorities

For 2014/2015 priorities include Start Well: under 18 yr olds alcohol admissions, Live Well: targeted health improvement to reduce the internal inequalities gap on preventable, avoidable mortality including phase 2 implementation of Heart of Wigan & Age Well: fuel poverty & financial inclusion. For details see <u>www.wigan.gov.uk</u>

* rate per 100,000 population



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Population: 319,000

Mid-2012 population estimate. Source: Office for National Statistics.

This profile gives a picture of people's health in Wigan. It is designed to help local government and health services understand their community's needs, so that they can work to improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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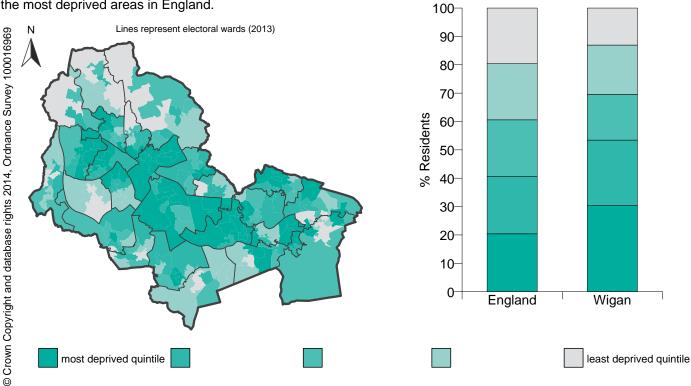
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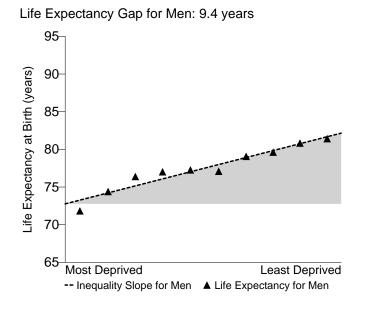
Deprivation: a national view

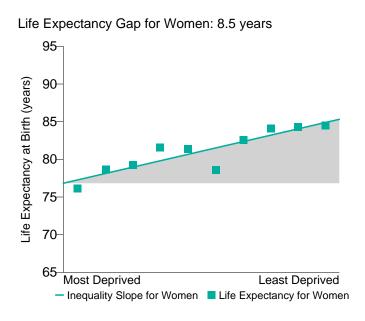
The map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (fifths) of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010 by Lower Super Output Area. The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England. This chart shows the percentage of the population in England and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



Life Expectancy: inequalities in this local authority

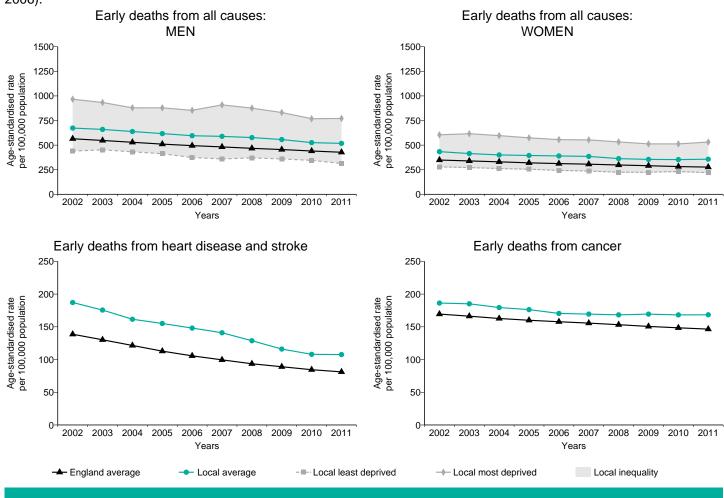
The charts below show life expectancy for men and women in this local authority for 2010-2012. Each chart is divided into deciles (tenths) by deprivation, from the most deprived decile on the left of the chart to the least deprived decile on the right. The steepness of the slope represents the inequality in life expectancy that is related to deprivation in this local area. If there were no inequality in life expectancy as a result of deprivation, the line would be horizontal.





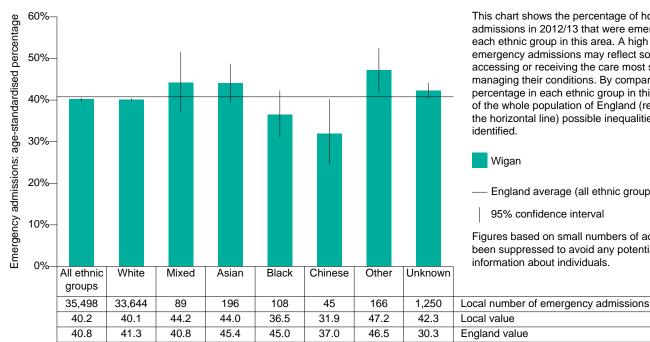
Health inequalities: changes over time

These charts provide a comparison of the changes in early death rates (in people under 75) between this area and all of England. Early deaths from all causes also show the differences between the most and least deprived quintile in this area. (Data points are the midpoints of 3 year averages of annual rates, for example 2005 represents the period 2004 to 2006).



Health inequalities: ethnicity

Percentage of hospital admissions that were emergencies, by ethnic group



This chart shows the percentage of hospital admissions in 2012/13 that were emergencies for each ethnic group in this area. A high percentage of emergency admissions may reflect some patients not accessing or receiving the care most suited to managing their conditions. By comparing the percentage in each ethnic group in this area with that of the whole population of England (represented by the horizontal line) possible inequalities can be identified.

Wigan

England average (all ethnic groups)

95% confidence interval

Figures based on small numbers of admissions have been suppressed to avoid any potential disclosure of information about individuals.

Health Summary for Wigan

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the black line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

						Regional	average^	England Average		
					England Worst					England Best
Domain		Indicator	Local No Per Year	Local value	Eng	Eng worst	25th Percentile	England Range	75th Percentile	Eng best
Our communities	1	Deprivation	96,642	30.3	20.4	83.8				0.0
	2	2 Children in poverty (under 16s)	11,995	20.5	20.6	43.6		•••		6.4
	3	3 Statutory homelessness	219	1.6	2.4	11.4		\bigcirc		0.0
	4	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	2,399	63.8	60.8	38.1				81.9
	Ę	5 Violent crime (violence offences)	2,507	7.9	10.6	27.1		\diamond \bigcirc		3.3
	6	S Long term unemployment	2,497	12.2	9.9	32.6				1.3
Children's and young people's health	7	7 Smoking status at time of delivery	580	16.8	12.7	30.8				2.3
	8	Breastfeeding initiation	1,952	56.6	73.9	40.8	•	•		94.7
	ç	Obese children (Year 6)	528	18.9	18.9	27.3		••		10.1
	10	Alcohol-specific hospital stays (under 18)	46	67.8	44.9	126.7				11.9
	11	Under 18 conceptions	185	32.0	27.7	52.0		\bigcirc		8.8
Adults' health and lifestyle	12	2 Smoking prevalence	n/a	21.8	19.5	30.1				8.4
	13	3 Percentage of physically active adults	n/a	48.3	56.0	43.8				68.5
	14	4 Obese adults	n/a	27.0	23.0	35.2				11.2
	15	5 Excess weight in adults	521	65.3	63.8	75.9		\bigcirc		45.9
Disease and poor health	16	6 Incidence of malignant melanoma	53	16.1	14.8	31.8				3.6
	17	7 Hospital stays for self-harm	993	306.7	188.0	596.0				50.4
	18	3 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	2,675	860	637	1,121				365
	19	9 Drug misuse	1,844	8.8	8.6	26.3		$\blacklozenge \bigcirc$		0.8
	20	Recorded diabetes	17,192	6.8	6.0	8.7				3.5
	21	Incidence of TB	11	3.1	15.1	112.3				0.0
	22	2 Acute sexually transmitted infections	2,585	813	804	3,210		Ò		162
	23	3 Hip fractures in people aged 65 and over	305	580	568	828				403
Life expectancy and causes of death	24	Excess winter deaths (three year)	161	17.1	16.5	32.1		C		-3.0
	25	5 Life expectancy at birth (Male)	n/a	77.4	79.2	74.0				82.9
	26	S Life expectancy at birth (Female)	n/a	80.8	83.0	79.5		•		86.6
	27	7 Infant mortality	12	3.1	4.1	7.5				0.7
	28	3 Smoking related deaths	603	381	292	480				172
	29	9 Suicide rate	36	11.6	8.5					
	30) Under 75 mortality rate: cardiovascular	292	107.6	81.1	144.7				37.4
	31	Under 75 mortality rate: cancer	463	168	146	213				106
	32	2 Killed and seriously injured on roads	73	22.8	40.5	116.3				11.3

Indicator Notes

1 % people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas in England, 2010 2 % children (under 16) in families receiving means-tested benefits & low income, 2011 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households, 2012/13 4 % key stage 4, 2012/13 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes, crude rate per 1,000 population, 2012/13 6 Crude rate per 1,000 population aged 16-64, 2013 7 % of women who smoke at time of delivery, 2012/13 8 % of all mothers who breastfeed their babies in the first 48hrs after delivery, 2012/13 9 % school children in Year 6 (age 10-11), 2012/13 10 Persons under 18 admitted to hospital due to alcohol-specific conditions, crude rate per 100,000 population, 2010/11 to 2012/13 (pooled) 11 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2012 12 % adults aged 18 and over, 2012 13 % adults achieving at least 150 mins physical activity per week, 2012 14 % adults classified as obese, Active People Survey 2012 15 % adults classified as overweight or obese, Active People Survey 2012 16 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population, aged under 75, 2009-2011 17 Directly age sex standardised rate per 100,000 population, 2012/13 18 The number of admissions involving an alcohol-related primary diagnosis or an alcohol-related external cause, directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population, 2012/13 19 Estimated users of opiate and/or crack cocaine aged 15-64, crude rate per 1,000 population, 2010/11 20 % people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2012/13 21 Crude rate per 100,000 population, 2010-2012 22 Crude rate per 100,000 population, 2012/13 24 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.09-31.07.12 25 At birth, 2010-2012 26 At birth, 2010-2012 27 Rate per 1,000 live births, 2010-2012 28 Directly age standardised rate per 10,000 population, 2010-2012 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population, 2010-2012 29 Directly age standardised mortality rate from su

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4 www.healthprofiles.info